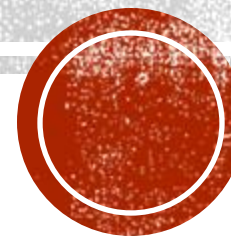


BRASILIA CATHEDRAL

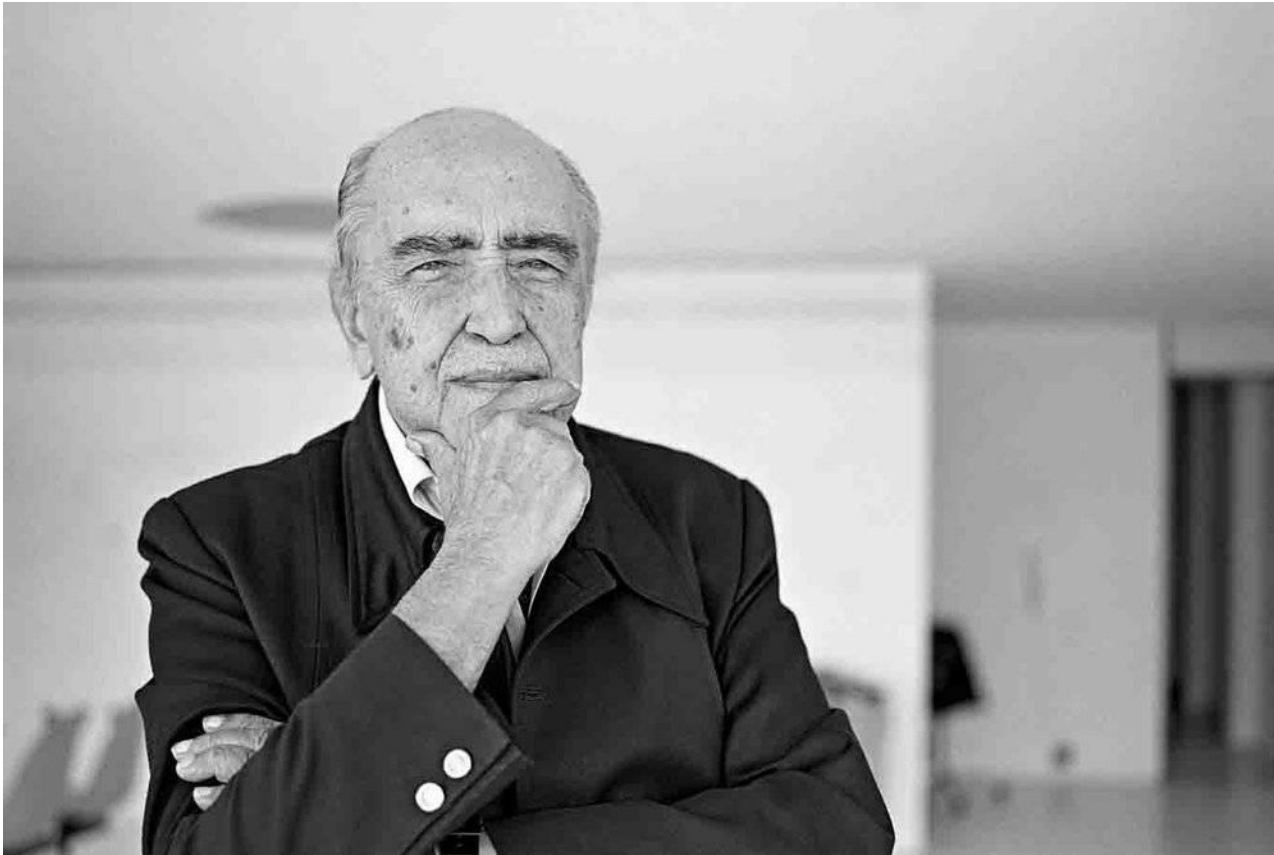


Polina Karmanovskaya



- The Brasilia Cathedral building is a project of the outstanding Brazilian architect Oscar Niemeyer. A striking example of modernist architecture and a landmark of the South American capital, Brasilia.





- Oscar Niemeyer (December 15, 1907 — December 5, 2012) was a Latin American architect of the 20th century, one of the founders of the modern school of Brazilian architecture.





LET'S LOOK AT THE ARCHITECTURE A LITTLE CLOSER

- Unique design

Brasilia Cathedral is known for its futuristic design. It acquires a hyperboloid structure, which gives it an avant-garde look. The assembly building is a glass dome supported by 16 curved columns



STAINED GLASS WINDOWS

- The interior of the cathedral is decorated with stunning stained glass windows. Glass panels in various shades of blue, green and white allow beautiful, colorful light to penetrate the space.



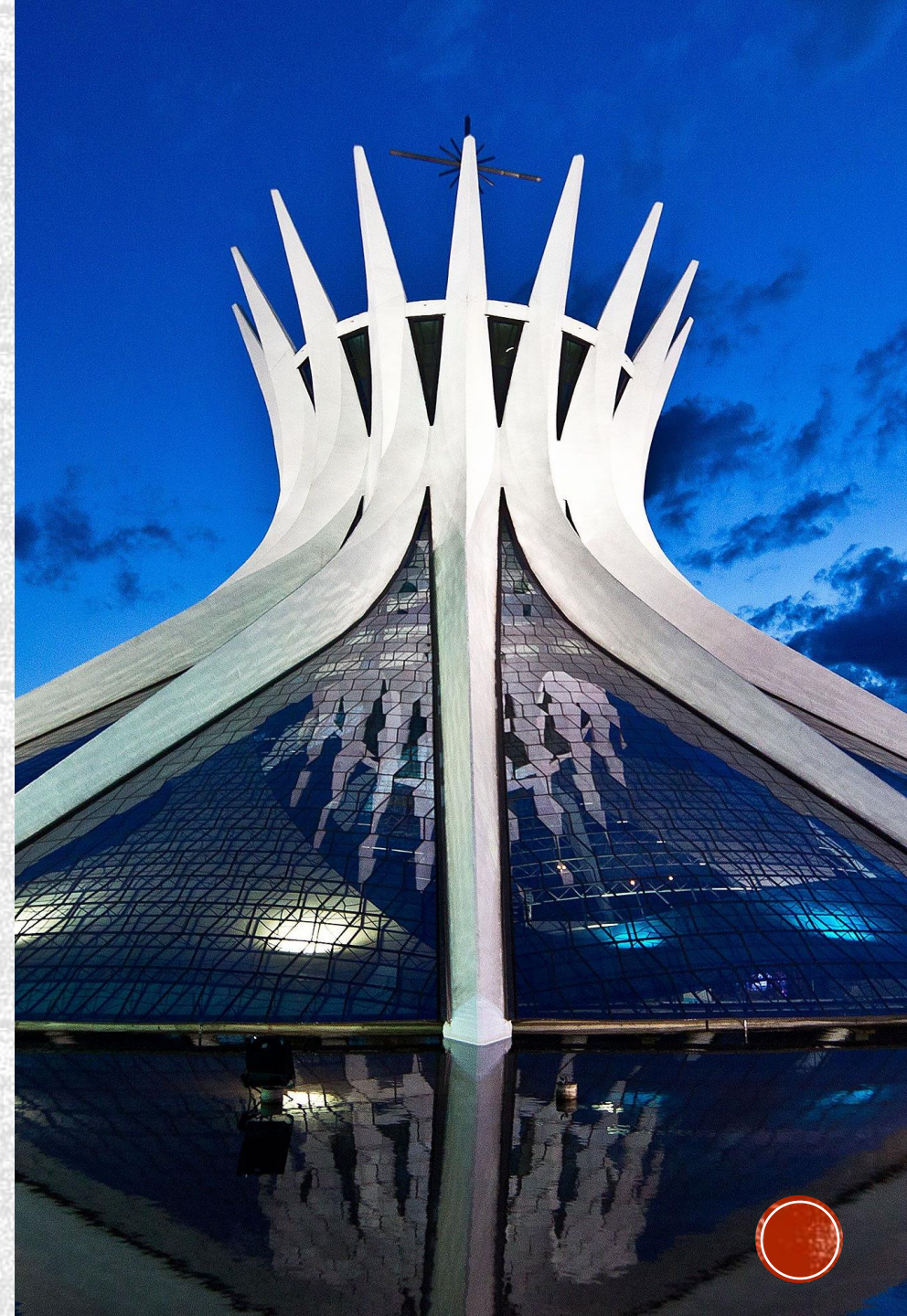


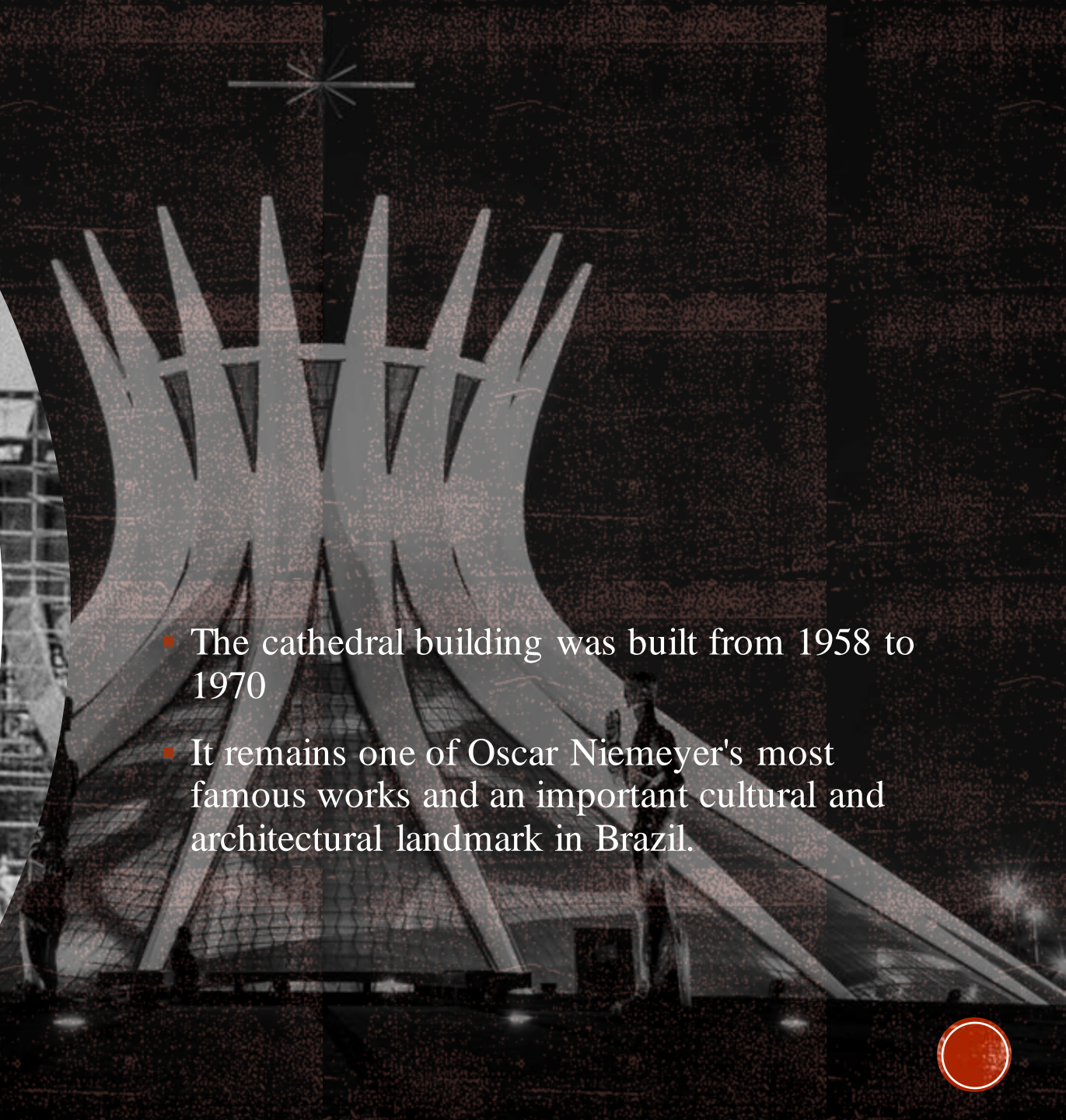
THE ROUND ALTAR

- In the center of the cathedral there is a round altar made of Carrara marble, which serves as the center of religious ceremonies.

SYMBOLISM

- The unique design of the cathedral has been interpreted in different ways. Some see the hyperboloid structure as a symbol of hands reaching for the sky, while others see it as a crown of thorns.





- The cathedral building was built from 1958 to 1970
- It remains one of Oscar Niemeyer's most famous works and an important cultural and architectural landmark in Brazil.

